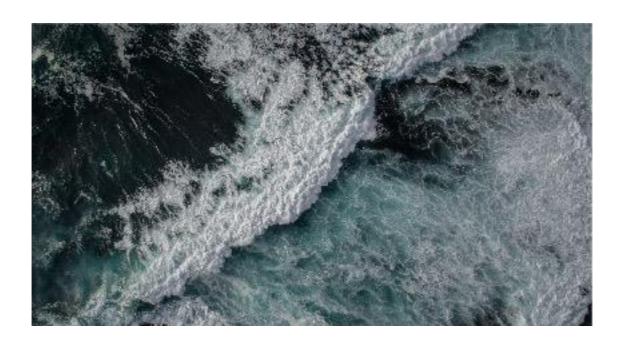


Expert workshop

Strengthening MCS through a future international instrument on high seas biodiversity

Tuesday 16 April 2019, Sciences Po, Paris





Background

Effective monitoring, control and surveillance (MCS) is critical for the success of marine conservation and management. Whereas States have the right to manage the marine resources within their national jurisdiction, the high seas are subject to a complex patchwork of international rules and regulations. As States begin to negotiate a new international agreement concerning areas beyond national jurisdiction (ABNJ), there is growing interest in how MCS tools and policies can be applied to this vast global commons.

The STRONG High Seas project (Strengthening Regional Ocean Governance for the High Seas) aims to strengthen regional ocean governance for the conservation and sustainable use of marine biodiversity in ABNJ, including through enhanced MCS tools and policies. This five-year project is working together with key science and policy actors in the Southeast Pacific and Southeast Atlantic regions to improve regional coordination and provide new lessons and approaches for high seas governance.

Workshop objectives

This workshop builds on a first workshop on technological tools held in July 2018 (summary available here). This workshop will focus primarily on possible options for strengthening MCS through a new international instrument on high seas biodiversity, currently under negotiation at the United Nations. This workshop will provide an opportunity to take stock of existing legal and policy frameworks, highlight ongoing initiatives and technological developments, and develop options for the future treaty.

Format

The workshop is intended to provide a space for informal discussion and exchange between experts from a range of fields and perspectives. Each session will begin with a short presentation intended to stimulate discussion (10 mins), followed by a brief initial reflection from a discussant (5 mins) and a Chatham House discussion. Following the workshop, a policy brief will be published to disseminate key conclusions.



Agenda

9h30 Welcome Julien Rochette, IDDRI Presentation of IKI STRONG High Seas project • Carole Durussel, IASS Summary of first workshop • Glen Wright, IDDRI 10h Session 1: Improving transparency at sea Samantha Emmert, Global Fishing Watch Discussant: Peter Horn, Pew 11h15 Coffee break 11h30 Session 2: Lessons learnt from national experiences Barbara Hutniczak, OECD Discussant: TBD 12h45 Lunch 14h Session 3: Lessons learnt from RFMOs Adriana Fabra, Tuna Compliance Network • Hrannar Már Ásgeirsson, NEAFC Discussant: TBD, FAO 15h15 Coffee break Session 4: Options for strengthening MCS through a high seas treaty 15h30 Klaudija Cremers, IDDRI Discussant: Duncan Currie, Globe Law 17h30 Closure of the workshop



List of participants

Klaudija Cremers, Institute for Sustainable Development and International Relations (IDDRI)

Duncan Currie, Globe Law

Claire Delepeuch, Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD)

Elisabeth Druel, Client Earth

Carole Durussel, Institute for Advanced Sustainability Studies (IASS)

Samantha Emmert, Global Fishing Watch

Adriana Fabra, Tuna Compliance Network

Sylvie Giraud, Collecte Localisation Satellites (CLS)

Peter Horn, Pew Charitable Trusts

Barbara Hutniczak, Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD)

Julian Jackson, Pew Charitable Trusts

Charles Kilgour, Satellite Applications Catapult

Mathilde Kraft, Sciences Po

Hrannar Már Ásgeirsson, North-East Atlantic Fisheries Commission (NEAFC)

Stephanie Prince, Royal Society for the Protection of Birds (RSPB)

Julien Rochette, Institute for Sustainable Development and International Relations (IDDRI)

Mercedes Rosello, University of Hull

Glen Wright, Institute for Sustainable Development and International Relations (IDDRI)



Partners of the STRONG High Seas project:



















Supported by:



based on a decision of the German Bundestag

The STRONG High Seas project is part of the International Climate Initiative (IKI; www.international-climate-initiative.com/en/). The Federal Ministry for the Environment, Nature Conservation and Nuclear Safety (BMU) supports this initiative on the basis of a decision adopted by the German Bundestag.