

Marine Plastic Pollution

State of Play & Perspectives

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SciencesPo

Combatting marine plastic litter: state of play and perspectives

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Why this study?

- Proliferation of initiatives losing sight of big picture
- Summarise ongoing efforts, promote coherence

What is covered?

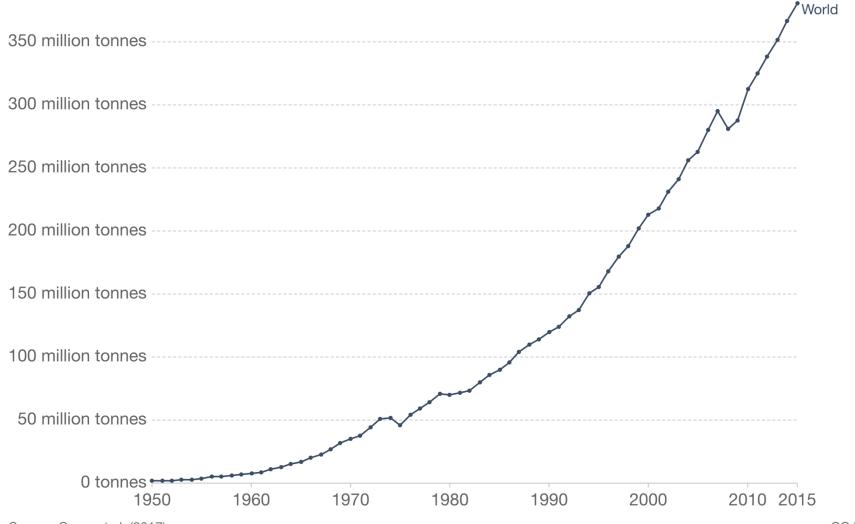
- Summary of environmental impacts
- Evaluation of legal framework
- Overview of civil society/private sector initiatives
- Discussions regarding a new treaty
- Perspectives on the future/next steps



Global plastics production, 1950 to 2015

Our World in Data

Annual global polymer resin and fiber production (plastic production), measured in metric tonnes per year.



Source: Geyer et al. (2017)





Level	Progress	Challenges
National	A range of national efforts Many target single-use plastics Commitments, targets, strategies, financing	 Systemic challenges Waste disposal systems Our economic model Our patterns of consumption/production Producer responsibility
Regional	Many Regional Seas programmes have developed legal protocols Some regions also have specific action plans in place	 Targets and strategies vary widely Limited capacity Limited private sector engagement Lack of financing
Global	 Various international agreements Law of the Sea London Convention on pollution/dumping Chemicals conventions 	 Fragmented framework Limited recognition of possible health impacts Inadequate application of precautionary principle, transparency Microplastics not covered



FIGURE 2. Examples of stakeholders' initiatives on plastic

CLEAN-UP OPERATIONS

Beach clean-up initiatives regularly organised by international, national and local NGOs; some initiatives, e.g. The Ocean Cleanup or The Sea Cleaners to extract plastic pollution from the Ocean; global clean-up campaigns such as the UN Environment Clean Seas initiative.

IMPROVING CIRCULAR ECONOMY

Voluntary commitments from the private sector, e.g. Danone, Nestlé and Unilever. Eliminating plastic waste at the source, e.g. The New Plastics Economy Global Commitment, led by the Ellen MacArthur Foundation and signed

SCIENCE AND KNOWLEDGE

Various research projects on marine plastic litter (e.g. Tara Mission Microplastics), citizen science programmes (e.g. CoastWatch Micro Litter), awareness raising campaigns (e.g. Planet or Plastic?).

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

by 250 organisations.

Projects on plastics innovation and alternatives, e.g. <u>CLAIM</u> <u>project, Parley Ocean Plastic,</u> Global Ghost Gear Initiative.



Alarming rates of pollution reaching the ocean

A range of initiatives underway at all levels

International community starting to consider a new treaty

Recent experience with multilateralism suggest we should also pursue other avenues:

- Reinforce existing initiatives
- Better coordination at the global level
- Improve coherence between existing instruments

- 60% of plastic marine debris comes from urban centers
- 12% from megacities (>10m people)
- Waste set to double by 2050 (from 2 billion tonnes in 2016)
- 2 billion people lack access to regular waste collection
- 3 billion lack access to controlled disposal services

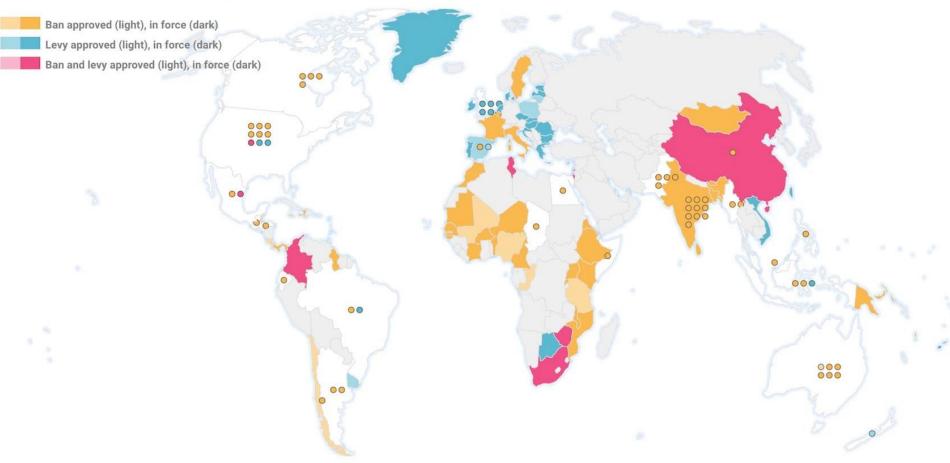








An impressive — and growing — number of national and local governments have taken action against plastic pollution









Incentives for plastic prevention, reuse and recycling



PREVENTION

Avoid and minimize the use of plastic



REUSE

Reuse to extend product and material life-cycles



COLLECTION

Collect, sort and manage plastic as a resource



RECYCLING

Recycle plastic to support a circular economy



DISPOSAL

Contain plastic waste in purpose built landfills



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